



PARAJUMBLES

APPROACHES FOR PARAJUMBLES

Most of the information given in parajumbles is unnecessary for the purpose at hand, i.e., sorting the sentences. In essence what we are looking for are things that can help us in connecting the sentences. Some approaches are given below to help identify the sequence of sentences. Generally, in a given parajumble more than one approach will be applicable at the same time, therefore practices identifying which approach/approaches apply to the parajumbles you have to solve.

1. Noun-Pronoun Relationship Approach

In noun/pronoun relationships, we know that the noun will come first and will be referred to later using suitable pronouns. Study the following example:

- A. People can get infected by handling reptiles and then touching their mouths or an open cut.
- B. At first they look the perfect pets: exotic, quiet and tidy.
- C. A study estimates that in 1995, there were as many as 6,700 reptile-caused salmonella infections.
- D. But lizards and other pets can harbour a salmonella bacterium that makes people sick.

(a) BCAD (b) BCDA (c) ACDB (d) BDCA

Read sentences C and D carefully. Sentence D contains the noun phrase “a salmonella bacterium” and Sentence C contains the noun phrase “salmonella infections”. What is the relationship between the two? Since the phrase “a salmonella bacterium” introduces the bacterium, it should logically precede the phrase “salmonella infections”. Therefore, the sentence that contains the phrase “a salmonella bacterium” should come before the sentence that contains the phrase “salmonella infections”. So, Sentence D should precede Sentence C! Once you have a link between two sentences, look at the answer choices to see if you are on the right track. If you are, then you have the right answer [(Option (d) BDCA)] and it is time to move on to the next exercise.

Example 1

1. These enormous “rivers” – quite inconstant, sometimes shifting, often branching and eddying in manners that defy explanation and prediction – occasionally cause disastrous results.
- A. One example is El Nino, the periodic catastrophe that plagues the West Coast of America.
 - B. It is rich in life.
 - C. This coast is normally caressed by the cold, rich Humboldt Current.
 - D. Usually the Humboldt hugs the shore and extends 200 to 300 miles out to sea.
 - 5. It fosters the largest commercial fishery in the world and is the home of one of the mightiest game fish on record, the black marlin.

(a) ABCD (b) DCAB (c) ACDB (d) CBAD

Solution

Read sentences A and C carefully. Notice the noun/pronoun relationship between the two. Sentence A refers to “the West Coast of America” and Sentence C talks about “this coast”. Which coast? Obviously “the West Coast of America”! Therefore, Sentences A and C are related and Sentence A must come before Sentence C. Now look again. Sentence C talks about “the cold, rich Humboldt Current” and Sentence D refers to “the Humboldt” obviously these two sentences are also related. Which one should come first? Once you have decided, check the answer choices to see if you are correct. [(Option (c) ACDB)]

2. Acronym Approach:

Full Form vs. Short Form When we introduce someone or something, we use the complete name or title. When we refer to the same someone or something later in the paragraph, we use just the surname or the first name if we are on familiar terms with the person being discussed. If we are discussing an object, we remove the modifiers and just use the noun or a pronoun to refer to it. In Parajumbles we encounter full and short names or sometimes acronyms of some term or institution.

Example:

World Trade Organisation – WTO, Dr. Manmohan Singh – Dr. Singh, Karl Marx – Marx, President George W. Bush – President Bush or The President. The rule is that if both full form as well as short form is present in different sentences, then the sentence containing full form will come before the sentence containing short form.

Example 2

- A. If you are used to having your stimulation come in from outside, your mind never develops its own habits of thinking and reflecting.
- B. Marx thought that religion was the opiate, because it soothed people’s pain and suffering and prevented them from rising in rebellion.
- C. If Karl Marx was alive today, he would say that television is the opiate of the people.
- D. Television and similar entertainments are even more of an opiate because of their addictive tendencies.

(a) BACD (b) ADBC (c) BCDA (d) CBDA

Solution Sentence B has Marx (short form) and sentence C has Karl Marx (full form). So C will come before B. Now look at the options. In option (a), (b) and (c), B is placed before C—hence, rejected. Option (d) is the right answer.

3. Time Sequence Approach (TSA) – either Dates or Time Sequence Indicating Words

In a given parajumbles, there may be a time indication given, either by giving years – or by using time indicating words. This provides a way for us to identify the correct sequence of the sentences by arranging the sentences



using their proper time sequence. Some words through which a time sequence may be indicated are – Before, after, later, when, etc.

Example 3

A. Then two astronomers—the German, Johannes Kepler, and the Italian, Galileo Galilei—started publicly to support the Copernican theory, despite the fact that the orbits it predicted did not quite match the ones observed.

B. His idea was that the sun was stationary at the centre and that the earth and the planets move in circular orbits around the sun.

C. A simple model was proposed in 1514 by a Polish priest, Nicholas Copernicus.

D. Nearly a century passed before this idea was taken seriously.

(a) CADB (b) BCAD (c) CBDA (d) CDBA

Solution In the above **example** you will observe that the flow of logic is in the form of a time sequence which flows from the oldest time period to a more contemporary time period. Therefore, Sentence C will be the first sentence. Sentence B expands upon the “simple model” proposed, hence, it will be the sentence following C. The next sentence in the order of chronology is C—nearly a century passed, while the last sentence will be A which completes the sequence from older time to contemporary time thus giving us the answer as CBDA.

Example 4

A. By the time he got to Linjeflug four years later, he had learned many lessons, in fact, he began his second stint as top dog by calling the entire company together in a hanger and asking for help, a far cry from his barking out commands just 48 months back.

B. At SAS, he arrived at a time crisis.

C. This book is chock-a-block full of intrusive stories and practical advice, describing Carton’s activities at Vingresor (where he assumed his first presidency at age 32), Linjeflug, and SAS in particular.

D. He began at Vingresor as an order giver, not a listener – neither to his people nor to his customers and made every mistake in the book.

(a) CDAB (b) CBAD (c) BACD (d) BADC

Solution Observe the sequence given. Again you will see a chronological order in the parajumble. Sentence C gives us a clear indication that the book is being talked about in current times. Sentence D then starts tracing Carton’s career path from the beginning, thus leading us to the correct sequence of CDAB.

4. Structure Approach

In order to unjumble a group of sentences quickly, it is essential for us to understand how language sticks together to form a cohesive unit. English provides certain sequencing words – firstly, secondly, then, however, consequently, on the other hand, etc. – which

writers use to join sentences or ideas together and to provide a smooth flow from one idea to the next. It is essential to learn how to spot these words and learn how to use them correctly. Parajumble sentences often contain several signal words, combining them in complex ways.

Cause and Effect Signals: Look for words or phrases explicitly indicating that one thing causes another or logically determines another. Some **examples** of such words are:

Accordingly - in order to - because so...that consequently - therefore - given - thus - hence - when...then - if...then

Support Signal Words: Look for the words or phrases supporting a given sentence. Sentences containing these words will generally not be the opening sentence. These sentences will follow immediately the sentence supported. Some **examples** of such words are:

Furthermore - additionally - also - and - indeed - besides - as well - too - likewise - moreover

Contrast Signals: Look for function words or phrases (conjunctions, sentence adverbs, etc.) that indicate a contrast between one idea and another, setting up a reversal of a thought.

Nevertheless - nonetheless - on the contrary - notwithstanding - and - even though - instead of - despite - in spite of - while in contrast - although - however

Let us put into practice what we have discussed so far. Here is a typical **example**, combining all the points discussed above.

Example 5

A. When conclusions are carefully excluded, however, and observed facts are given instead, there is never any trouble about the length of the papers.

B. The reason for this is that those early paragraphs contain judgments that there is little left to be said.

C. A judgment (“He is a boy”, “She is an awful bore”) is a conclusion, summing up a large number of previously observed facts.

D. In fact, they tend to become too long, since inexperienced writers, when told to give facts, often give more than are necessary, because they lack discrimination between the important and the trivial.

E. It is a common observation among teachers that students almost always have difficulty in writing themes of the required length because their ideas give out after a paragraph or two.

(a) ECDAB (b) CEBAD (c) EACBD (d) EBCAD

Solution Sentence E states the situation in general and gives us information about why students have problems “in writing themes of the required length”.

Sentence B goes on to tell us “the reason for this”, so the two sentences must be related. Similarly, Sentence C is



related to Sentence B because both sentences contain the word “judgment”, with Sentence C explaining what the word means. Once a link of this nature is established, go to the answer choices to see if you are on the right track. D any of the answer choices offer our line of reasoning? Answer (d) does.

In the above jumble, the word “however” in Sentence A suggests a contrast to something mentioned previously. In situations of this kind, it is always a good idea to separate the argument clearly. Sentences A and D, therefore, should come together.

Now you try.

Example 6

1. To read the characters or the letters of the text does not mean reading in the true sense of the word.

A. This mere mechanism of reading becomes altogether automatic at an early period of life.

B. You will often find yourself reading words or characters automatically, while your mind is concerned with a totally different subject.

C. This can be performed irrespective of attention.

D. Neither can I call it reading when it is just to extract the narrative portion of a text from the rest simply for one’s personal amusement.

(a) BACD (b) DCBA (c) ADCB (d) CBDA

Solution The word “neither” in Sentence D will tell you that there is something additional that the writer wishes to discuss. Sentences 1, A, B and C all talk about the same idea. Therefore, Sentence D should be the last sentence. Any answers? So, option (a) is the answer.

5. Linking the Sentences Let us look at the following statements:

Example 7

I. As a retention strategy, the company has issued many schemes including ESOPs.

II. Given the track record and success of our employees, other companies often look to us as hunting ground for talent.

III. The growth of the Indian economy has led to an increased requirement for talented managerial personnel and we believe that the talented manpower is our key strength.

IV. Further in order to mitigate the risk we place considerable emphasis on development of leadership skills and on building employee motivation. I have deliberately not given the options here.

Read all the statements one by one, and try to find out the opening statement and any possible linkage between/among the statements.

Solution Can I be the opening statement – Very Unlikely. It does not introduce any idea or theme. Ideally the 1st statement would be an initiator of ideas or theme of the passage.

Can II be the opening statement – May be.

Can III be the opening statement – May be.

Can IV be the opening statement – Very Unlikely.

It talks about an idea which is being “furthered” in this statement.

You can also see that statement IV talks about “Mitigating the risk”.

What is the risk? So now we would try to find out the “risk” in other statements.

This “risk” is present in statement II in the words – “other companies often look to us as hunting ground for talent”.

So, statement II will come before statement IV.

As discussed earlier, statement IV furthers an idea, and that idea is present in statement I.

Hence, I-IV should come together.

Let us see all that we have established so far: Link – I-IV and II will come before IV and I cannot be the starting statement. Now let us look at the options:

A. I, II, III, IV – Ruled out and I-IV link is not present.

B. II, I, IV, III – This is the only option left out. Hence, answer.

C. III, I, IV, II – Ruled out as II comes after IV.

D. IV, I, III, II – Ruled out as I-IV link is not present. Hence, option (b) is the answer.

Example 8 Let us look at another example

A. In America, highly educated women, who are in stronger position in the labour market than less qualified ones, have higher rates of marriage than other groups. [A is the opening statement as mentioned in the paper. You are required to re-arrange the following four statements].

B. Some work supports the Becker thesis, and some appears to contradict it.

C. And, as with crime, it is equally inconclusive.

D. But regardless of the conclusion of any particular piece of work, it is hard to establish convincing connections between family changes and economic factors using conventional approaches.

E. Indeed, just as with crime, an enormous academic literature exists on the validity of the pure economic approach to the evolution of family structures. (Options Withheld pro tem).

Solution Can B be the opening statement – Very Unlikely. There is no mention of “Becker thesis” in the opening statement.

Can C be the opening statement – Two words in the statement – “Crime” and “Inconclusive” make this as the statement after A very unlikely.

Can D be the opening statement – Though it furthers the idea presented in statement A, usage of word like “But” make it unlikely to be the statement coming just after statement A. Besides, statement A does not talk about any piece of work.

In fact, statement A is just an opinion.

Can E be the opening statement – Yes. E is the statement after A – both through elimination of other statements and selection.

Next statement should be C, as it again talks about 'Crime' and how inconclusive it is (despite "an enormous academics literature exists" as given in statement E).

Next statement: D should be the last statement as it concludes the whole theme that "it is hard to establish".

Now the whole point is - how do we place statement B and Becker thesis, which finds no mention in the whole passage.

Only reasoning that can be given here is - Probably this passage has been taken from a book or project report which has something to do with Becker Thesis, and this passage is just a small part of it.

Now let us look at the options and try to eliminate the options with the help of the conclusions that we have derived so far: (1) BCDE - Ruled out as E is the 1st statement.

(2) DBEC - Ruled out as E is the 1st statement.

(3) BDCE - Ruled out as E is the 1st statement.

(4) ECBD - Answer.

(5) EBCD - Ruled out as EC is the link.

Hence, option (d) is the answer.

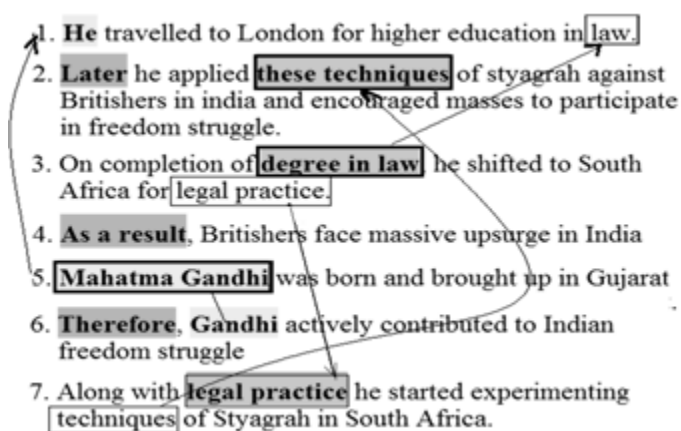
Let us summarize

See the image below

Observe various linkages

In exam you thought process should be-

Identify keywords - linkages - try to put in order



1st step

Identify in each sentences

Pronouns

Qualifiers /connectors/ Transition words

key-subjects

Use of Pronoun in a sentence is always after use of its corresponding Noun in preceding sentence. Noun → Pronoun

Example -

'Mahatama Gandhi' (5th sentence) → 'He' (1st sentence)

Qualifiers tell us something about the following sentence & connectors; indicate the linkage between two sentences.

Ex 'later' (sentence 2), 'therefore'

key-subjects - are the main topic raised in a sentence

2nd step

Find linkages

1. mandatory pairs (MP)

2. Noun pronoun link (NP)

3. Clues from connectors.

4. **Abbreviation hints**

Cause -effect relationship

MP → mandatory pairs → observe phrase 'legal practice' (sentence 3 & 7) → indicate that these two sentence will come immediately in sequence.

To find mandatory pairs we should always focus on initial & last part of sentences.

2 & 3 already explained

Abbreviation is used only after full form of its use.

Cause -effect relationship → effect is followed by cause.

Ex phrase 'as a result' (sentence 4) indicate that there is a preceding sentence (cause) which lead to sentence 4th.

3rd step

Put into Order - IPS

1. Introductory (first statement.)

2. Problem statement (-ve sense)

3. Solution or suggestion.

Put Similar info together.

Chronology order (PPF tense)

Every paragraph has a broad structure as indicated above. While reading sentence you must identify sentences with

introductory tone (top)

-ve sense (middle part)

suggestion oriented sense (last part)

It will help you identify the rough order → where a sentence actually lies in the first, middle or last in the paragraph

Chronology order (PPF tense)- follow past -present - future order.

Specific words & usage

Specific words-

(To find initial & last statement)

Beginning - firstly, first and foremost, initially, at the outset

Ending - hence, in conclusion, thus, lastly, therefore

Connectors

Supporting - and, likewise, similarly, in the same vein

Contradicting- however, despite this, on the contrary, on the other hand, nevertheless, instead, alternatively,

Cause effect connectors

because of, since, therefore, hence, as a result, consequently, due to,

Additional information-

furthermore, moreover, in addition to

Time

then, after, before, previously

Previous year questions



Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences A, B, C, D, E, and F in the proper sequence so as to form a **meaningful paragraph** and then answer the questions given below them.

(A) It was further revived by a Boston publishing firm, and from that time Mother Goose continued and grew in fame and interest till date.

(B) The first collection of verses under her name was published in London in book form by John Newbery.

(C) These were known long before they were designated as Mother Goose rhymes.

(D) Some rhymes can be traced to popular ballads, folk songs and games, political satire, ancient proverbs, cries of street vendors, real or legendary events.

(E) About twenty five, years later the book was reprinted in the United States in Worcester, Massachusetts.

(F) In fact, until the eighteenth century Mother Goose did not have a name in print in English literature.

Q1.

Which of the following will be the **LAST** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q2.

Which of the following will be the **FOURTH** sentence ?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) C
- (e) B

Q3.

Which of the following will be the **FIFTH** sentence ?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) C
- (e) B

Q4.

Which of the following will be the **FIRST** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q5.

Which of the following will be the **SECOND** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence so as to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A) The basic justification of this scrutiny is to divest unrestricted investments from certain low priority area.

(B) The Govt. has decided in principle to throw open to the private sector which is reserved for the unrestricted sector.

(C) Only those industries are proposed to be reserved for the unrestricted sector, which fall in the high priority areas.

(D) In addition, the government is also occupied in an analysis of the existing range of unrestricted investment.

(E) This will enable the government to abolish the monopoly of any sector in the field of public services except these priority sectors.

Q6.

Which sentence should come **LAST** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q7.

Which sentence should come **THIRD** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q8.

Which sentence should come **FOURTH** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q9.

Which sentence should come **FIRST** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q10.

Which sentence should come **SECOND** in the paragraph ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the question given below them,

(A) To propose the idea of becoming perfected is not the same as saying that we human beings can be perfect.

(B) It only means that we are capable of learning changing and growing throughout the span of our earthly life,



(C) Learning is a process that begins at birth and lasts till death.

(D) This development through understanding new things, transforming and developing brought may be considered as the perfection of soul.

(E) Given that we are here to continually learn on the journey of life, it seems that the ultimate goal of learning is the perfection of our souls

(F) Nor that we should be perfect in everything.

Q11.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** statement after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q12.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** Statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q13.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q14.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH** (last) statement after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q15.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** statement after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them

(A) In this early period a good memory was a prerequisite for success and poets like Homer memorized their Work before it was ever written down.

(B) If we have to remember everything will it not increase the feeling of stress?

(C) Today memory is widely regarded as a useful aid to survival.

(D) However it is not what we grasp but what we fail to forgetting a file, key points at an interview which causes stress.

(E) Some people however are of the view that having an exceptional memory in a world of high pressure working is a disadvantage.

(F) To our ancestors though, in the absence of the printing press it was much more it was the slate on which history was recorded.

Q16.

Which of the following will be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q17.

Which of the following will be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q18.

Which of the following will be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q19.

Which of the following will be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q20.

Which of the following will be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A) In fact he believed that customers are the origin, the source of the money we have.

(B) The customer thus has the power to fire everybody in the company from the chairman on down.

(C) Management can ensure this doesn't happen by motivating employees to cultivate meaningful relationships with customers.



(D) Sam Walton built his Wal-Mart business empire knowing there was only one boss the customer.

(E) So it is not the company which pays us but the customer.

(F) He can achieve this by simply spending his money elsewhere.

Q21.

Which of the following will be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q22.

Which of the following will be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q23.

Which of the following will be **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q24.

Which of the following will be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q25.

Which of the following will be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A) Irrespective of hierarchical level, he would give undivided attention to those who voiced ideas.

(B) He would then ask him risk some probing questions and turn to his senior most managers to get these implemented, (C) What set him apart from other industrialists was that he was not interested in demonstrating his power over his employees.

(D) This Is a prime example of how he fostered the participation of everyone of in the organization,

(E) For example he would typically look Intently at a young engineer presenting his ideas.

(F) Instead he thought of himself as one of them.

Q26.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q27.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q28.

Which of (ho following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q29.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q30.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A) Assuming that all these reasons are true, the fact remains that there is an Urgent need to check the accelerated costs and initiate suitable measures.

(B) Some people attribute it to the Increasing greediness among the medicos.

(C) The impact of these measures Will be visible only after a considerable passage of time.

(D) Health care costs have been skyrocketing in our country.

(E) The measures include yoga classes with emphasis on physical and mental exercises and also change in food habits.



(F) Certain others feel that It is because of drastic changes in peoples lifestyle and eating habits.

Q31.

Which of the following would be the **FIRST** statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q32.

Which of the following would be the **SECOND** statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q33.

Which of the following would be the **FOURTH** statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q34.

Which of the following would be the **FIFTH** statement after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q35.

Which of the following Would be the **SIXTH (LAST)**, statement after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

- (A)** As a result the nonstop tensions and anxieties at work often result in health related problems.
- (B)** The truth is we cannot change the world of work.
- (C)** We spend at least half our waking hours at work.
- (D)** We have therefore to take charge and transform the way in which we respond to our work environment.
- (E)** So how can we control these problems and perform at work?
- (F)** However we can change the way we feel and deal with various situations.

Q36.

Which of the following should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) (B)

(b) (C)

(c) (D)

(d) (E)

(e) (F)

Q37.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) (B)

(b) (C)

(c) (D)

(d) (E)

(e) (F)

Q38.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (C)

(d) (D)

(e) (E)

Q39.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (C)

(d) (D)

(e) (E)

Q40.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (C)

(d) (D)

(e) (E)

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E),** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

- (A)** Expansion of retail banking especially has a lot of scope, since retail assets are just 22 percent of the total banking assets.
- (B)** Where they do not find it viable to open branches they may open satellite offices in these areas.
- (C)** There is tremendous scope for the expansion of banking in India.
- (D)** Banks can also diversify beyond cities to semi urban and rural, areas.
- (E)** In these ways a transition from class banking to mass banking can take place.
- (F)** They can also Collaborate with local stakeholders in order to extend microcredit services to those living there

Q41.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the arrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c) D

(d) E



(e) F

Q42.

Which of die following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q43.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c) D

(d) E

(e) F

Q44.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q45.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)In all varieties of humor, especially the subtle ones it is therefore what the reader thinks which gives extra meaning to these verses.

(B)But such a verse may also be enjoyed at the surface level.

(C)Nonsense verse is not of the most sophisticated forms of literature.

(D)This fulfills the author's main intention in such a verse which is to give pleasure.

(E)However the reader who understands the broad implications of the content and allusion finds greater pleasure.

(F) The reason being it requires the reader to supply a meaning beyond the surface meaning.

Q46.

Which of the following is the **FIFTH** sentence?

(a) (D)

(b) (E)

(c) (B)

(d) (C)

(e) (A)

Q47.

Which of the following is the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence ?

(a) (F)

(b) (E)

(c) (D)

(d) (A)

(e) (C)

Q48.

Which of the following is the **FIRST** sentence ?

(a) (E)

(b) (A)

(c) (F)

(d) (D)

(e) (C)

Q49.

Which of the following is the **SECOND** sentence ?

(a) (A)

(b) (E)

(c) (F)

(d) (B)

(e) (C)

Q50.

Which of the following is the **THIRD** sentence ?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (F)

(d) (C)

(e) (D)

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)What appears to be emerging is a new kind of warfare

(B)This does not mean the advocacy of isolation or going back to concept of a nut and bolt form of self-reliance.

(C)Issues of national security are no longer simple considerations of defence but are closely intertwined with many other aspects.

(D)We need to address newer and more Sophisticated concepts of protecting our strategic interests.

(E)Trade, commerce, investment, creation of knowledge base and its application are dependent on national security.

(F)If a country does not learn to master these new realities of life, all our aspirations to ensure the prosperity of our people may come to naught.

Q51.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** statement after rearrangement ?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (C)

(d) (D)

(e) (E)

Q52.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** statement after rearrangement ?

(a) (A)

(b) (B)

(c) (C)

(d) (D)



(e) (E)

Q53.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** statement after rearrangement ?

(a)(F)

(b)(D)

(c) (E)

(d)(A)

(e)(B)

Q54.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** statement after rearrangement ?

(a) (A)

(b)(B)

(c) (C)

(d)(D)

(e) (E)

Q55.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** statement after rearrangement ?

(a) (F)

(b)(E)

(c) (D)

(d)(C)

(e) (B)

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B) (C),(D)and (E) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)For instance, if we measure the room temperature continuously and plot its, graph with time on X-axis and temperature on the Y axis, we get a continuous waveform, which is an analog signal. Analog is Always continuous.

(B)The absence or presence of something can be used to plot a digital signal.

(C)An analog signal is a continuously varying signal, similar to a sinusoidal, waveform.

(D)Any signal can be classified into one of the two types analog and digital.

(E)In contrast, a digital signal takes the form of pulses, where we have something or nothing.

Q56.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b)B

(c) C

(d) D

(e)E

Q57.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q58.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q59.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q60.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) to make a **meaningful paragraph** and answer the questions which , follow

(A)However while reading they would not know when to pause and what to emphasize.

(B)Since then their use has been regularized and the punctuation rules have been followed by all.

(C)In earlier days, people learnt by reading out loud.

(D)But not everybody used the same punctuations for the same thing.

(E)To address this problem, various signs depicting various punctuations were introduced.

(F)Thus firmer guidelines regarding punctuations were framed so that everyone used them in similar way.

Q61.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b) B

(c) D

(d) E

(e) F

Q62.

Which of the following sentences should be the **THIRD** after rearrangement?

(a)A

(b)E

(c) D

(d)F

(e) C

Q63.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement?

(a) B

(b)C

(c) A

(d)E



(e) F

Q64.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

(a) C

(b) E

(c) D

(d) B

(e) F

Q65.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A) Had it been not for them, Indian banks would have had their hands tied down too.

(B) Today almost all the countries are facing the heat of recession.

(C) One of these is the strict RBI and. SEBI rules which regulated banking sector very efficiently

(D) This could have led to massive losses to them, which could have percolated to other sectors as well.

(E) However there are a few things which help India In bouncing back from the state of recession.

(F) Like others India too has not remained immune to the epidemic

Q66.

Which of the following sentence should be the **THIRD** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) E

(c) D

(d) F

(e) C

Q67.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q68.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) D

(d) E

(e) F

Q69.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

(a) C

(b) E

(c) D

(d) B

(e) F

Q70.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c) A

(d) E

(e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** to make a **meaningful paragraph** and then answer the questions which follow

(A) The blame for lacking creativity is, however, put on the present generation by the modern educationists.

(B) The concept of homework began so that the pupils could revise that was being taught in the class.

(C) By doing so, most of the schools took away the leisure time of the children.

(D) Instead, these educationists should suggest lowering of burden of homework to the commission for educational reforms.

(E) The purpose of this concept was, however, defeated when the schools started overburdening students with so called homework.

(F) Lack of such leisure time does not allow the children to develop creative pursuits

Q71.

Which of the following (sentence should be the **THIRD** after re arrangement?

(a) A

(b) E

(c) D

(d) F

(e) C

Q72.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q73.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) D

(d) E

(e) F

Q74.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c) D



(d) E

(e) F

Q75.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b) B

(c)C

(d) E

(e) F

Directions :(7680) Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C),(D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form **a meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)With all the bid Information being available and tracked online, corruption has been considerably reduced.

(B)Today, most i.e. over ninety five per cent households, in the city enjoy a broadband connection.

(C)All city contracts are now bid for online.

(D)Over twenty years ago the city government, central government and the private sector made a concerted effort to shift the economy to include IT.

(E)As our cities continue to expand and become more complex, such a system will make governance more manageable.

(F)This level of connectedness has changed not only the city's economy but also how it is governed and how business is conducted.

Q76.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b)B

(c)C

(d)D

(e) E

Q77.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

(a)A

(b)B

(c)C

(d)D

(e) F

Q78.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b)C

(c)D

(d)E

(e) F

Q79.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b)B

(c)C

(d)D

(e) E

Q80.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a)B

(b) C

(c)D

(d) E

(e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D),(E)**and **(F)** to make **a meaningful paragraph** and then answer the questions which follow

(A)As a result the nonstop tensions and anxieties at work often result in health related problems.

(B)The truth is we cannot change the world of work.

(C)We spend at least half our waking hours at work.

(D)We have therefore to take change and transform the way in which we respond to our work environment

(E)So how can we control these problems and perform at work?

(F)However we can change the way we feel and deal with various situations.

Q81.

Which of the following sentence should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c)D

(d) E

(e) F

Q82.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) C

(c)D

(d) E

(e) F

Q83.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c)C

(d) D

(e) E

Q84.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a)A

(b) B

(c)C

(d) D

(e) E

Q85.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) B

(c)C



- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A)** **(B)**, **(C)**, **(D)**, **(E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below

- (A)**With all the bid information being available and tracked online, corruption has considerably reduced.
- (B)**Today, most i.e. over ninety five percent households, in the city enjoy broad band connection.
- (C)**All city contracts are now bid for online
- (D)**Over twenty years ago the city government, central government and the private sector made a concerted effort to shift the economy to include IT
- (E)**As our cities to expand and become more complex, such a system will make governance more manageable
- (F)**This level of connectedness has changed not only the city's economy but also how it is governed and how business is conducted.

Q86.

Which of the following sentence should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q87.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q88.

Which of the following sentence should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q89.

Which of the following sentence should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q90.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences **(A)**, **(B)**, **(C)**, **(D)**, **(E)** and **(F)** to make a **meaningful paragraph** and then answer the questions which follow

- (A)**In fact according to mainstream economists it is inevitable and a necessary evil in any economy.
- (B)**It is thus important for every nation to maintain this reserve of labour force to maintain an optimal level of unemployment.
- (C)**Unemployment Is popularly believed to be an index which measures the economic condition of a nation.
- (D)**This is because it helps avert inflation by providing a reserve army of labour which keeps wages in check.
- (E)**The problem, however, only emerges when governments indirectly facilitate unemployment in order to curb inflation through various policies and frameworks, depriving a large population of its fundamental rights.
- (F)** But contrary to popular belief unemployment is not always disadvantageous to the economy of a state

Q91.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q92.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q93.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q94.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q95.

Which of the following sentences should be the **THIRD** after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) F
- (e) C



Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) However, many people may not be aware of the numerous other areas where it has been applied.
- (B) Today, even, those who have little knowledge about the production of virtual reality are now most likely aware of its use in video games.
- (C) Similarly, medical students have substituted a cadaver for a fiberglass mannequin of a body and a headset when training to perform surgery.
- (D) Virtual reality was an unfamiliar concept to many people till the early 90s.
- (E) Introducing virtual reality to the real world, thus, has already proven to be beneficial for every industry it encounters.
- (F) For example, astronaut trainees have recently used virtual reality to simulate a trip to space

Q96.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) A
- (d) D
- (e) B

Q97.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q98.

Which of the following should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q99.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q100.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) It is therefore a contributing factor to the growth of landfills and waterway pollution, both of which are costly and energy intensive to solve.
- (B) Making an effort to use those resources and avoid polystyrene ones can help to decrease your environmental impact.
- (C) Non-biodegradable essentially means that any polystyrene that makes its way into a landfill will stay there indefinitely, never breaking down and returning to the earth.
- (D) Polystyrene, as a product, is very convenient to use, but it has some important effects we should consider when making choices as consumers.
- (E) While recycling polystyrene material can cushion the environmental blow of its use, alternatives are available that are created from renewable resources and biodegrade more readily.
- (F) For example, while polystyrene has some excellent uses and is technically recyclable, it is not a substance that biodegrades.

Q101.

Which of the following should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q102.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) A
- (d) D
- (e) B

Q103.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q104.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q105.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B



- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A),(B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A) During this aging process, you had first heard statements such as You can't ride your bicycle until you are seven, and You can't drive a car until you're 18.

(B) But, you need to remember that part of you has an ageless mind and is quite oblivious to the physical aging process you just need to encourage it to overcome this excuse of being old,

(C) The age excuse of being too old comes from an inclination to identify yourself with the number of trips you have made around the sun.

(D) The age of your body can seem to be quite an obstacle on the road to changing long held thinking habits.

(E) Then at some point you discovered that you went from being not old enough to being too old.

Q106.

Which of the following will be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q107.

Which of the following will be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q108.

Which of the following will be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q109.

Which of the following will be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q110.

Which of the following will be the **FIFTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C

- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions: Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B),(C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A) Thus, if we really value it, we will work hard to make it a reality.

(B) Inner peace is the most elusive thing that a human being can seek.

(C) The most Important criterion in order to experience it is to value the importance of inner peace.

(D) To experience inner peace one doesn't have to retreat to a Himalayan cave rather, one can experience Inner peace seated exactly where they are by watching these thoughts.

(E) Nobody can gift the other inner peace at the same time it is only ones own thoughts that can rob them of their inner peace.

Q111.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q112.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q113.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q114.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q115.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E



Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A),(B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A)For almost two months now, the struggle to cap the oil well and protect large sections of the Country's coastline from being devastated has been the top story in the news and the major concern of the US administration.

(B)At present, though, one finds little expression of this in the discussions around the oil spill.

(C)In these months it has been realized that this is an environmental crisis of gigantic proportions, and is purely manmade.

(D)Oil and water do not mix, as the Americans are being forced to accept with the tragic oil spill from a British Petroleum oil rig in the Gulf of Mexico.

(E)Whether in the long term this will compel Americans to think again about their dependence on fossil fuels and seriously embark on the path of scaling it down and encouraging alternatives remains to be seen.

Q116.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q117.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) E
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q118.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q119.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q120.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A)The Reserve Bank of India (RBI), which had last intervened in the foreign exchange market In June 2009, was seen buying dollars to stem the rupees runaway appreciation.

(B)The bank had for so long resisted a rate increase, but finally toed the line of other banks as its cost of funds has gone up.

(C)The local currency recently rose to a 25 month high against the dollar on sustained capital inflows.

(D)Some interesting things have happened in the Indian financial system in the past few weeks.

(E)The RBI also announced a Rs. 12,000 crore buy back of government bonds from the market to Infuse money into a liquidity starved banking system. (F)Finally, the State Bank of India, the nation's largest lender, has raised its minimum lending rate, or base rate, by IQ basis points. (One basis point is one hundredth of a percentage point)

Q121.

Which of the following would be the **THIRD** sentence?

- (a) B
- (b) A,
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q122.

Which of the following would be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) A

Q123.

Which of the following would be the **SECOND** sentence?

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q124.

Which of the following would be the **FOURTH** sentence?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) A
- (e) E

Q125.

Which of the following would be the **FIRST** sentence?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F



Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A),(B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A)A small wooden nest box Is all it has taken to rekindle all the romance of bringing sparrows and other birds back Into our cities and halt them from fading into the past like a forgotten folktale.

(B)There is something wrong with a city that remains Unperturbed even as its birds desert it.

(C)Thankfully, the situation Is not as hopeless as It seems.

(D)Much as we try to defend the seemingly irreversible modern life of these cities, we can't stop our hearts from crying when we realize that our rapidly degenerating urban ecosystem Isn't generous enough to let these delicate winged creatures build tiny little nests in its nooks and crannies, sit in solitude, and rear offspring.

(E)And this desertion seems to be true with most metros in India where house sparrows have almost become a thing of the past.

Q126.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q127.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b)D
- (c) C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q128.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q129.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)E
- (b)D
- (c)C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q130.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)E

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B),(C), (D), (E) and (F) to make a **meaningful paragraph** and then answer the questions which follow

(A)Increased competition, globalization and the need for enormous resources have nudged priorities which once held the fort.

(B)In order to achieve these, hype and sensationalism Is put in to spice up the news which have robbed news stories of credibility

(C)This is only possible if a lot more thought is put into the gathering and presentation of the daily news and delivering It much more sensitively to its receiver's users.

(D) Technological innovation arid economic change has transformed the news industry to the extent where its original definition as a public service no longer holds good.

(E)In order to win it back, the media should make full use of the tremendous power that the democracy blesses it with.

(F)These included public good and social responsibility. But sadly, today, these have made way for a business target of commercial viability and a chase of viewer ship.

Q131.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c)C
- (d) D
- (e)F

Q132.

Which of the following sentences should be the **THIRD** after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) E
- (c)D
- (d) F
- (e) C

Q133.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b)B
- (c)E
- (d) C
- (e)F

Q134.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c)C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q135.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B



- (c)D
- (d) E
- (e)F

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A),(B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

- (A)Building of these structures requires a lot of fuel to be burnt which emits a large amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
- (B)The major source of carbon dioxide is power plants.
- (C)Another twenty percent of carbon dioxide emitted in the atmosphere comes from burning of gasoline in the engines of vehicles.
- (D)Buildings, both commercial and residential represent a larger source of global warming pollution than the said cars and trucks.
- (E)The major cause of global warming is the emission of greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide etc. into the atmosphere.
- (F) These power plants emit large amounts of carbon dioxide produced from burning of fossil fuels for the purpose of electricity generation.

Q136.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)E
- (b) D
- (c)C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q137.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)F

Q138.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e)E

Q139.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c)C
- (d) D
- (e)E

Q140.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)E
- (b) D

- (c)C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A),(B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

- (A)While the reference point for the former is the state, for the latter its society.
- (B)India's strategic community comprises two distinct circles with little overlap.
- (C)Consequently, mainstream strategists have an external orientation to their discourse, concentrating on high politics the latter is more internal oriented.
- (D)Their prescriptions too are understandably poles apart and thus, the state, to which both their commentary is directed, has to play balancer, and ends up being at the receiving end of criticism from both sides.
- (E)Out of the two, one can be termed the mainstream and the other alternate.
- (F) To further elaborate on the external and internal concept while one is enamored of India's rise and place in the global order, the other is more sensitive to its vulnerabilities and inadequacies.

Q141.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)E
- (b)D
- (c)C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q142.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b)B
- (c)C
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q143.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)E
- (b) D
- (c)C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q144.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c)C
- (d) D
- (e)E

Q145.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?



- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) What a waste of my tax money, I thought, walking past the people having free Californian Char donnay.
- (B) Speak to her, he said, She's Into books.
- (C) The friend who had brought me there noticed my noticing her.
- (D) In late 2003, I was still paying taxes in America, so it horrified me that the US Consulate was hosting a Gallo drinking appreciation event.
- (E) Behind them, a pianist was playing old film tunes, and a slim short woman was dancing around him.

Q146.

Which of the following would be the **FOURTH** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q147.

Which of the following would be the **FIRST** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q148.

Which of the following would be the **FIFTH (LAST)** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q149.

Which of the following would be the **SECOND** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q150.

Which of the following would be the **THIRD** sentence ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) Development of drought resistance could benefit large numbers of farmers.
- (B) choice but to adapt to these impacts.
- (C) India has to be concerned about climatic changes.
- (D) This impact can run into decades and centuries.
- (E) Environment day is thus an important occasion to assess the past and our future.
- (F) Since there is a possibility of adverse impact on agriculture which could deter growth.

Q151.

Which is the **FIFTH** sentence of the passage after the rearrangement?

- (a) (F)
- (b) (D)
- (c) (E)
- (d) (A)
- (e) (C)

Q152.

Which is the **THIRD** sentence of the passage ?

- (a) (A)
- (b) (D)
- (c) (B)
- (d) (C)
- (e) (E)

Q153.

Which is the **SECOND** sentence of the passage ?

- (a) (B)
- (b) (D)
- (c) (F)
- (d) (C)
- (e) (E)

Q154.

Which is the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence of the passage ?

- (a) (C)
- (b) (B)
- (c) (F)
- (d) (D)
- (e) (E)

Q155.

Which is the **FIRST** sentence of the passage?

- (a) (A)
- (b) (D)
- (c) (C)
- (d) (B)
- (e) (E)

Directions : Rearrange the following seven sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) But seriously, how much would you pay to know what thoughts are swimming around in someone else's head ?
- (B) In most fictional movies thus, the, idea of reading minds of seeing the private intentions of another, and the possibility of intervening in those plans has always been highly attractive long been the bread and butter of fiction.
- (D) Today, more than four centuries since the phrase, A penny for your thoughts? Was first recorded, inflationary



accounting makes that ancient penny worth more than \$40.

(E)The going rate for a thought a probe into the thinking of another was once quite a bargain.

(F)And if you could really know their truthfulness how much more would you pay?

(G)Even with the sliding value of the 1 dollar, this still seems quite a bargain.

Q156.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) G
- (e) A

Q157.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) G
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q158.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) E
- (b) G
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Q159.

Which of the following should be the **SEVENTH** (Last) sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) F
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q160.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph, then answer the questions given below them.

(A)Ironically the same parents who are considered to be ignorant are thought to be very enlightened In choosing private schools over state run ones.

(B)This is all the more reason why we should include them during the planning and implementation of the system.

(C)This is apparent at every stage from policy making to implementation as critical decisions are made without

the participation of the stakeholders, an attitude that can only be described as either arrogance or indifference.

(D)In reality, every parent decides which school is a good one, based on his/her own set of values, perceptions and aspirations.

(E)The root cause of most of the ills that plague our education system is the enormous distance that separates the power centers within the system and the schools where the action takes place.

(F) It is often said in defense of such an approach that poor parents are too ignorant to be partners in a meaningful dialogue.

Q161.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) F
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q162.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q163.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) F
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) A

Q164.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q165.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)When it comes to the number of tigers though, I think it is too small a number representing a species.

(B)These days, everywhere I go. I see hoardings saying Just 1411 Left.



(C)The three being, the Caspian, Balinese and Javan.

(D)Besides the small number, we are steadily losing a few species of these animals as well.

(E)Normally, I would groan and grumble on seeing this figure of 1411 on my shopping bills as it sounds too much.

(F) At the end of the last century we had lost 3 out of 8 tiger species.

Q166.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q167.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b)D
- (c) C
- (d)E
- (e) A

Q168.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b)B
- (c) C
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q169.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c) F
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q170.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH** (Last) sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) E
- (b)D
- (c) C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences **(A),**

(B), (C), (D) and **(E)** in the proper sequence to form a paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A)A small wooden nest box is all it has taken to rekindle all the romance of bringing sparrows and other birds back into our cities and halt them from fading into the past like a forgotten folktale.

(B)There is something wrong with a city that remains unperturbed even as its birds desert it.

(C)Thankfully, the situation is not as hopeless as it seems.

(D)Much as we try to defend the seemingly irreversible modern life of these cities, we can't stop our hearts from crying when we realize that our rapidly degenerating urban ecosystem isn't generous enough to let these delicate winged creatures build tiny little nests in its nooks and crannies, sit in solitude, and rear offspring.

(E)And this desertion seems to be true with most metros in India where house sparrows have almost become a thing of the past.

Q171.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q172.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b)D
- (c) C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q173.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b)B
- (c) C
- (d)D
- (e) E

Q174.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) E
- (b)D
- (c) C
- (d)B
- (e) A

Q175.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a)A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e)E

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a **meaningful paragraph** then answer the questions given below them.

(A)It is no Wonder that a majority of these excluded and low achievers come from the most deprived sections of society.

(B)They are precisely those who are supposed to be empowered through education.

(C)With heightened political consciousness about the plight of these to be empowered people, never in the



history of India has the demand for inclusive education been as fervent as today.

(D) They either never enroll or they drop out of schools at different stages during these eight years.

(E) Of the nearly 200 million children in the age group between 6 and 14 years, more than half do not complete eight years of elementary education.

(F) Of those who do complete eight years of schooling, the achievement levels of a large percentage, in language and mathematics, is unacceptably low.

Q176.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q177.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q178.

Which of the following should be, the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) C
- (e) B

Q179.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q180.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) B
- (e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences **(A)**, **(B)**, **(C)**, **(D)**, **(E)** and **(F)** in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A) It is no wonder that a majority of these excluded and low achievers come from the most deprived sections of society.

(B) They are precisely those who are supposed to be empowered through education.

(C) With heightened political consciousness about the plight of these to be empowered people, never in the history of India has the demand for inclusive education been as fervent as today.

(D) They either never enroll or they drop out of schools at different stages during these eight years.

(E) Of the nearly 200 million children in the age group between 6 and 14 years, more than half do not complete eight years of elementary education.

(F) Of those who do complete eight years of schooling, the achievement levels of a large percentage, in language and mathematics, is unacceptably low.

Q181.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Q182.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q183.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) C
- (e) B

Q184.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q185.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) B
- (e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following five sentences **(A)**, **(B)**, **(C)**, **(D)** and **(E)** in a proper sequence so as to form a meaningful paragraph, and then answer the questions given below

(A) But Gandhi ji stuck to his principles and did not copy, thus, having to face scolding and ridicule after the inspector left.



(B) Gandhi ji wrote four words correctly, but he could not spell the fifth word Kettle.

(C) The Inspector of Schools visited Gandhi ji is school.

(D) Having noticed that except Gandhi ji all the other students had spelt all the five words, the teacher prompted Gandhi ji to copy the word from his neighbours slate.

(E) He read out five English words to the, class and asked all the boys to write them down.

Q186.

Which of the following should be the **LAST (FIFTH)** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) A

(c) E

(d) D

(e) C

Q187.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) D

(b) B

(c) C

(d) E

(e) A

Q188.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) C

(b) B

(c) E

(d) A

(e) D

Q189.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) C

(c) D

(d) B

(e) E

Q190.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) E

(b) B

(c) D

(d) C

(e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences

(A),(B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in a proper sequence so as to form a meaningful paragraph, and then answer the questions given below.

(A) Owing to these difficulties, the prospects of the banking sector became very uncertain and caused recession.

(B) A progressively growing balance sheet, higher pace of credit expansion, and focus on financial inclusion have contributed to making Indian banking vibrant and strong.

(C) However, amidst all this chaos India's banking sector has been amongst the few to maintain resilience.

(D) Indian banks have already begun to revise their growth approach to take advantage of these new opportunities.

(E) In the recent times the world economy has witnessed many serious difficulties, the prominent of these being collapse of banking and financial institutions.

(F) The way forward for the Indian banks is to innovate to take advantage of the new business opportunities and at the same time ensure continuous assessment of risks.

Q191.

Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) A

(b) C

(c) D

(d) F

(e) B

Q192.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) E

(b) F

(c) D

(d) C

(e) A

Q193.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the rearrangement?

(a) C

(b) A

(c) F

(d) D

(e) B

Q194.

Which of the following should be the **LAST (SIXTH)** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) B

(b) D

(c) C

(d) E

(e) F

Q195.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after the rearrangement ?

(a) D

(b) F

(c) C

(d) E

(e) A

Directions : Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C),(D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph then answer the questions given below them.

(A) If China is the world's factory, India has become the world's outsourcing Centre keeping in line with this image

(B) But India's future depends crucially on its ability to compete fully in the Creative Economy not just in tech



and software, but across design and entrepreneurship arts, culture and entertainment and the knowledge based professions of medicine, finance and law.

(C) While its creative assets outstrip those of other emerging competitors, India must address several challenges to increase its international competitiveness as the world is in the midst of a sweeping transformation.

(D) This transformation is evident in the fact that the world is moving from an industrial economy to a Creative Economy that generates wealth by harnessing intellectual labour, intangible goods and human creative capabilities.

(E) Its software industry is the world's second largest, its tech outsourcing accounts for more than half of the \$ 300 billion global industry, according to a technology expert.

(F) If the meeting of world leaders at Davos is any indication, India is rapidly becoming an economic rock star.

Q196.

Which of the following should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** sentence after the rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q197.

Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q198.

Which of the following should be the **FIFTH** sentence after the rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) F
- (e) E

Q199.

Which of the following should be the **FIRST** sentence after the rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) A
- (e) E

Q200.

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after the rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) F

Directions : Rearrange the following sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) to make a **meaningful paragraph** and answer the questions which follow

(A) However while reading they would not know when to pause and what to emphasize.

(B) Since then their use has been regularized and the punctuation rules have been followed by all.

(C) In earlier days, people learnt by reading out loud.

(D) But not everybody used the same punctuations for the same thing.

(E) To address this problem various signs depicting various punctuations were introduced.

(F) Thus firmer guidelines regarding punctuations were framed so that everyone used them in similar way.

Q201.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SECOND** after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q202.

Which of the following sentences should be the **THIRD** after rearrangement ?

- (a) A
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) F
- (e) C

Q203.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIFTH** after rearrangement ?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) A
- (d) E
- (e) F

Q204.

Which of the following sentences should be the **SIXTH (LAST)** after rearrangement ?

- (a) C
- (b) E
- (c) D
- (d) B
- (e) F

Q205.

Which of the following sentences should be the **FIRST** after rearrangement?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

ANSWERS :

1 a	2 e	3 b	4 d	5 c	6 a
7 e	8 d	9 b	10 c	11 e	12 c
13 b	14 d	15 a	16 a	17 c	18 e
19 c	20 b	21 c	22 a	23 d	24 e
25 b	26 d	27 c	28 b	29 e	30 c
31 d	32 b	33 a	34 e	35 c	36 c



37 e 38 a 39 c 40 b 41 c 42 c
43 e 44 e 45 a 46 a 47 b 48 e
49 a 50 c 51 a 52 b 53 a 54 c
55 b 56 b 57 c 58 d 59 a 60 e
61 a 62 b 63 e 64 d 65 c 66 b
67 b 68 e 69 c 70 c 71 e 72 b
73 d 74 c 75 a 76 d 77 b 78 e
79 a 80 d 81 c 82 e 83 a 84 c
85 b 86 d 87 b 88 b 89 d 90 b
91 d 92 c 93 b 94 e 95 a 96 b
97 d 98 e 99 a 100 c 101 b 102 c
103 d 104 e 105 e 106 e 107 a 108 c
109 d 110 b 111 a 112 b 113 a 114 b
115 c 116 d 117 a 118 e 119 c 120 b
121 b 122 a 123 b 124 e 125 c 126 b
127 a 128 d 129 c 130 a 131 c 132 d
133 c 134 d 135 a 136 d 137 e 138 e
139 a 140 c 141 b 142 c 143 a 144 b
145 a 146 c 147 d 148 b 149 a 150 e
151 d 152 b 153 c 154 e 155 c 156 b
157 a 158 c 159 b 160 e 161 a 162 e
163 c 164 e 165 b 166 b 167 d 168 a
169 c 170 c 171 b 172 a 173 d 174 c
175 a 176 e 177 e 178 c 179 b 180 e
181 e 182 e 183 c 184 b 185 e 186 b
187 c 188 b 189 c 190 a 191 e 192 e
193 a 194 b 195 d 196 d 197 e 198 c
199 a 200 a 201 a 202 b 203 e 204 d
205 c